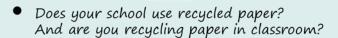




Use less disposables, buy recycled paper, pack your lunch to school using reusable container, consume only when necessary (and not just to have something new)...

There are a lot of things we can do at schools!

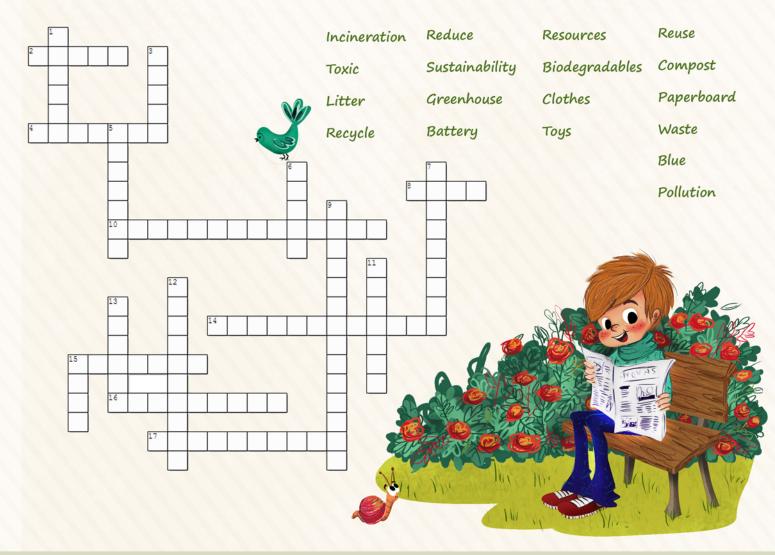




- Do people turn off the lights when rooms are not in use?
- Does your school have a composting program?
- Does your school have a garden or a green space?
- Does your school use water sustainably?
- Do people turn off computers when not in use?
- Does your school have a recycling program? (For example: 'Recíclate con Sogama')
- Your school can make an effort and reduce impact on the environment.
   Is your school actually adopting green living principles?
   And your home? Tell us about it!



## 3R CROSSWORD



## Across

- 2. To utilise an item more than once
- 4. To convert rubbish into either the same product or a different one
- 8. These old items can be donated to NGOs and charity
- 10. The practice of not taking from the earth those things that cannot be reused or replaced.
- 14. The process of burning rubbish
- 15. This requires a specific container. It can poison thousands of litres of water.
- 16. A general word for the things and materials that we obtain from the Earth (They can be "renewable" or "nonrenewable")
- 17. This gas absorbs heat and contributes to the warming of the earth's atmosphere (the greenhouse effect')

## Down

- 1. For example, limit the number of purchases that you make
- 3. Rubbish, a synonymous
- 5. Garden waste can be turned into this
- 6. This waste is poisonous to humans or other living things.
- 7. This is the introduction of contaminants into the natural environment
- 9. The action of microorganisms in this substances (cotton, wool, wood, human and animal waste, etc.) make them......
- 11. These old items can be donated to NGOs and charity
- 12. People use this type of paper to make containers, boxes, cartons, and packaging materials.
- 13. Waste (usually paper, plastics and glass) thrown around in the environment, rather than being placed in a proper bin or other waste facility. Not all waste is litter but all litter is waste.
- 15. We put inside that bin old magazines and newspapers. What colour is it?





I give you a clue. Only two are false...:

Thousands of plastic bottles are dumped every hour.
Plastics are approximately 50% of recyclable waste in the dumps.
Reducing (using less stuff) is the most environmentallyfriendly way to get rid of garbage
Reduce, Reuse, Recycle! Even one person can make a difference!
Blue bin: Paper products must be free of food waste, pet waste, oil or excessive dirt
The bottle caps and jar lids are recyclable
Green bin: It is not necessary to wash out your glass bottles and jars or aluminium and steel cans
You don't need to remove the labels from containers for recycling
Only 5% of waste is recyclable
We save energy from recycling one plastic bottle: This is equal to maintain a 60w light bulb for 6 hours!
Recycling doesn't help to conserve our natural resources such as oil, metal and water
Recycling helps to conserve energy, so less greenhouse gases are emitted
An average person throws away more than 150kg of food waste each year. Remember: You can cook delicious things with leftovers!
Recycling aluminium cans saves 95% of the energy we use to make alum cans from new material.



Learn new vocabulary and how to separate your trash.

One person chooses an object but does not reveal this to the others.

All other players are questioners. They take turns asking a question.

Enjoy the game! Example questions:

· Is there one here?

Is it a vegetable?
• Is it a mineral?
• Is it made of? (wood, metal, plastic,)
<ul><li>Has it got? (wheels, seeds, cover, cork,)</li></ul>
• Is it normally found in? (a house, a classroom, the garden, the kitchen, the bathroom,)
<ul> <li>What colour is it? Is it? (yellow, Blue, green, brown, black,)</li> </ul>
• Can I put it in the green bin?
• And in the yellow bin?
• And in the glass recycling bin?
• Can I put it in the blue recycling bin?